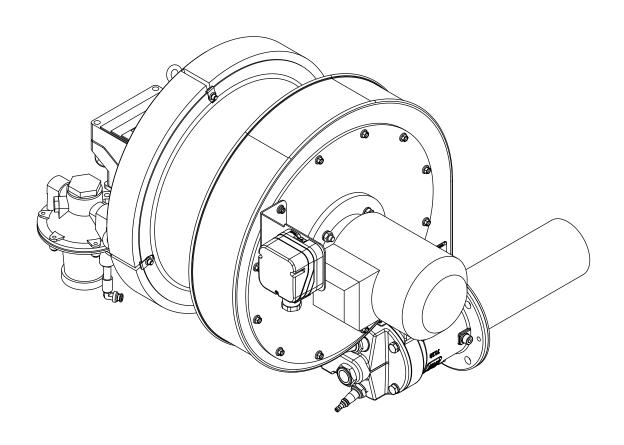
## Eclipse ThermAir Burners

Model TA0015 - 0500

Technical Information Edition 08.15

Version 3





#### Copyright

Copyright 1998 by Eclipse, inc. All rights reserved worldwide. This publication is protected by federal regulation and shall not be copied, distributed, transmitted, transcribed or translated into any human or computer language, in any form or by any means, to any third parties, without the express written consent of Eclipse, inc.

#### **Disclaimer Notice**

In accordance with the manufacturer's policy of continual product improvement, the product presented in this brochure is subject to change without notice or obligation.

The material in this manual is believed adequate for the intended use of the product. If the product is used for purposes other than those specified herein, confirmation of validity and suitability must be obtained. Eclipse warrants that the product itself does not infringe upon any United States patents. No further warranty is expressed or implied.

#### **Liability & Warranty**

We have made every effort to make this manual as accurate and complete as possible. Should you find errors or omissions, please bring them to our attention so that we may correct them. In this way we hope to improve our product documentation for the benefit of our customers. Please send your corrections and comments to our Technical Documentation Specialist.

It must be understood that Eclipse's liability for its product, whether due to breach of warranty, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise is limited to the furnishing of replacement parts and Eclipse will not be liable for any other injury, loss, damage or expenses, whether direct or consequential, including but not limited to loss of use,

income, or damage to material arising in connection with the sale, installation, use of, inability to use, or the repair or replacement of Eclipse's products.

Any operation expressly prohibited in this manual, any adjustment, or assembly procedures not recommended or authorized in these instructions shall void the warranty.

#### **Document Conventions**

There are several special symbols in this document. You must know their meaning and importance.

The explanation of these symbols follows below. Please read it thoroughly.

#### **How To Get Help**

If you need help, contact your local Eclipse representative. You can also contact Eclipse at:

1665 Elmwood Rd.

Rockford, Illinois 61103 U.S.A.

Phone: 815-877-3031 Fax: 815-877-3336

http://www.eclipsenet.com

Please have the information on the product label available when contacting the factory so we may better serve you.





This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injurt hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

**NOTE** 

Indicates an important part of text. Read thoroughly.



# Table of Contents

Int	roduction	4					
	Product Description	. 4					
	Audience	. 4					
	Purpose	4					
	Related Documents	.4					
Sa	Safety 5						
	Safety Warnings	. 5					
	Capabilities	. 5					
	Operator Training	. 5					
	Replacement Parts	. 5					
Sy	stem Design	6					
	Design	6					
	Step 1: Burner Option Selection	6					
	Step 2: Blower Option Selection	. 8					
	Step 3: Control Methodology	. 9					
	Step 4: Trial for Ignition	. 10					
	Step 5: Flame Monitoring Control System	. 11					
	Step 6: Main Gas Shut-Off Valve Train	. 12					
	Step 7: Process Temperature Control System	. 12					
Αp	pendix	. <b>i</b>					
	Conversion Factors	. i					
	Key to System Schematics	. ii					

# Introduction

#### **Product Description**

The Eclipse ThermAir burner is a nozzle-mixing burner, with a packaged air blower, that is designed to fire with fixed combustion air over a wide gas turndown range. Fixed air operation plus integral air and gas orifices make the ThermAir one of the simplest burners to quickly setup and adjust.

ThermAir burners are ideal on heaters, textile ovens and in situations where the fuel is highly variable (800 BTU/CF to 3200 BTU/CF). They are perfect for ovens needing additional air to carry moisture away from the product being heated.

The burner is designed for:

- · Reliable Burner Operation
- · Simple Burner Adjustment
- · Direct Spark Ignition
- · Multiple Fuel Capability

A wide variety of options and configurations are available due to the modular design of the burner.

#### <u>Audience</u>

This manual has been written for people who are already familiar with all aspects of a nozzle-mix burner and its add-on components, also referred to as "the burner system".

These aspects are:

- Design / Selection
- Use
- Maintenance

The audience is expected to have previous experience with this type of equipment.

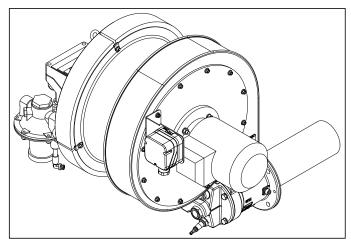


Figure 1.1. ThermAir Burner

#### **ThermAir Documents**

Design Guide No. 114

This document

#### Datasheet, Series 114

- Available for individual TA models
- Required to complete design and selection

#### Installation Guide No. 114

Used with datasheet to complete installation

#### Spare Part Documents, Series No. 114

Recommended replacement part information

#### **Related Documents**

- EFE 825 (Combustion Engineering Guide)
- 710, 732, 760, 818, 830, 832, 852, 856, 610, 820, 902, 930

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this manual is to ensure that the design of a safe, effective, and trouble-free combustion system is carried out.



Important notices which help provide safe burner operation will be found in this section. To avoid personal injury and damage to the property or facility, the following warnings must be observed. All involved personnel should read this entire manual carefully before attempting to start or operate this system. If any part of the information in this manual is not understood, contact Eclipse before continuing.

#### Safety Warnings

#### **A** DANGER

- The burners, described herein, are designed to mix fuel with air and burn the resulting mixture. All fuel burning devices are capable of producing fires and explosions if improperly applied, installed, adjusted, controlled or maintained.
- Do not bypass any safety feature; fire or explosion could result.
- Never try to light a burner if it shows signs of damage or malfunction.

### **M** WARNING

- The burner and duct sections are likely to have HOT surfaces. Always wear the appropriate protective equipment when approaching the burner.
- Eclipse products are designed to minimize the use of materials that contain crystalline silica. Examples of these chemicals are: respirable crystalline silica from bricks, cement or other masonry products and respirable refractory ceramic fibers from insulating blankets, boards, or gaskets. Despite these efforts, dust created by sanding, sawing, grinding, cutting and other construction activities could release crystalline silica. Crystalline silica is known to cause cancer, and health risks from the exposure to these chemicals vary depending on the frequency and length of exposure to these chemicals. To reduce the risk, limit exposure to these chemicals, work in a well-ventilated area and wear approved personal protective safety equipment for these chemicals.

#### **NOTICE**

■ This manual provides information regarding the use of these burners for their specific design purpose. Do not deviate from any instructions or application limits described herein without written approval from Eclipse.

#### **Capabilities**

Only qualified personnel, with sufficient mechanical aptitude and experience with combustion equipment, should adjust, maintain or troubleshoot any mechanical or electrical part of this system. Contact Eclipse for any needed commissioning assistance.

#### **Operator Training**

The best safety precaution is an alert and trained operator. Train new operators thoroughly and have them demonstrate an adequate understanding of the equipment and its operation. A regular retraining schedule should be administered to ensure operators maintain a high degree of proficiency. Contact Eclipse for any needed site-specific training.

#### **Replacement Parts**

Order replacement parts from Eclipse only. All Eclipse approved valves or switches should carry UL, FM, CSA, CGA and/or CE approval where applicable.



# System Design

#### <u>Design</u>

The design process is divided into the following steps:

- 1. Burner Option Selection Including:
  - Burner Model / Size
  - Firing Position
  - · Burner Configuration
  - Fuel Type
  - Fuel Supply
  - Combustor Type & Material
  - Air Supply
  - · Control Motor
  - · Limit Switch
  - · Loading Line Type
  - · Air Pressure Switch
  - Pipe Connection
  - Flame Supervision
- 2. Blower Option Selection Including:
  - Power Supply Frequency
  - · Pressure and Flow
  - Blower Motor Type
  - Blower Inlet
  - Blower Configuration
- Control Methodology Including:
  - Burner Control
- 4. Ignition System Including:
  - Ignition Transformer
  - · Trial for Ignition
  - · Ignition Gas Piping
- 5. Flame Monitoring Control System Including:
  - Flame Sensor
  - Flame Monitoring Control
- 6. Main Gas Shut-Off Valve Train Including:
  - Component Selection
  - · Valve Train Size
- 7. Process Temperature Control System

#### **Step 1: Burner Option Selection**

Step 1 describes how to select burner options to suit an application. Use the ThermAir Datasheet series 114 when following this selection process.



#### **CAUTION**

 Consult EFE-825 Eclipse Engineering Guide or contact Eclipse if you have special conditions or questions.

#### **Burner Model / Size Selection**

Consider the following when selecting the burner size:

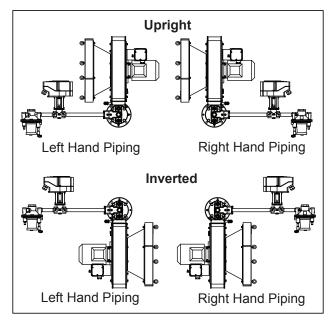
- **Heat Input**: Calculate the required heat input to achieve the required heat balance.
- Power Supply Frequency: Burner capacity will vary with power supply frequency (50 Hz or 60 Hz power).
- Combustion Chamber Pressure: Consider the effects that large or varying chamber pressures have on burner performance.
- Altitude: The maximum burner capacity is reduced by approximately 3% each 1000 feet (300 meters) above sea level.
- Combustion Air Supply: Combustion air should be fresh (20.9% O<sub>2</sub>) and clean (without particles or corrosives).
- Combustion Air Temperature: Changes in air supply temperature can affect the burner capacity. Contact Eclipse if the combustion air temperature exceeds 150°F (65°C).
- Fuel Type: Variation in calorific value, specific gravity and WOBBE index will affect burner performance. If any of these parameters change more than 5% from Figure 3.1 contact Eclipse to check the suitability of the fuel. Performance data, dimensions and specifications are given for each ThermAir in Datasheets 114-1 through 114-9.

#### **Firing Position**

- · Vertical Down Firing
- Vertical Up Firing
- · Horizontal Firing

#### **Burner Configuration**

Select configuration.



**Figure 3.1 Burner Configuration** 

#### **Fuel Type**

Fuel	Symbol	Gross Heating Value	Specific Gravity	WOBBE Index
Natural Gas	CH <sub>4</sub> 90%+	1000 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup> (40.1 MJ/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.60	1290 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup>
Propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	2525 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup> (101.2 MJ/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.55	2028 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup>
Butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	3330 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup> (133.7 MJ/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.09	2303 BTU/ft <sup>3</sup>
BTU/ft <sup>3</sup> @	standard conditions (MJ/m <sup>3</sup> @ normal conditions)			

If using an alternative fuel supply, contact Eclipse with an accurate breakdown of the fuel components.

#### **Fuel Supply**

Select the turndown required.

Select the gas pipe thread type and the gas control options desired. Gas control options are:

- · Stripped, N.P.T. or Rc connections
- Basic, Modulating gas control valve (N.P.T. or Rc)
- Complete, Modulating gas control valve and ratio regulator

The high turndown option includes a ratio regulator with bypass adjustment for lower inputs

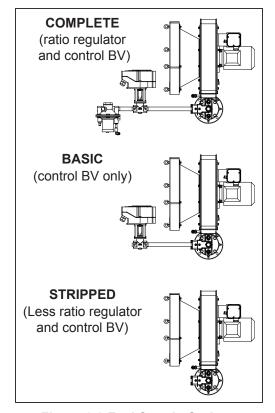


Figure 3.2 Fuel Supply Options

#### **Combustor Type & Material**

Select a combustor type based on the application. Low temperature applications use an alloy combustion tube. High temperature applications use a silicon carbide (SiC) tube (sizes 0015-0200) or refractory block and holder (sizes 0300-0500). For vertical down-firing applications with block and holder, contact Eclipse.

#### **Air Supply**

The ThermAir burner can be ordered with a combustion air blower supplied and mounted directly to the burner body or, depending on burner size, with a threaded, flanged, or welded inlet to accommodate a remote blower. The remote blower must provide adequate pressure and flow per the appropriate datasheet series 114.

#### **Control Motor**

Select a control motor. Kromschroder IC20 actuators are standard on all Eclipse packaged burners. ThermAir burners can be ordered with control motor bracket and mounting hardware only. Customer supplied control motors must conform to these specifications:

- · rotation not to exceed 2 rpm
- minimum torque of 25 in-lb (2,8 Nm)
- 90° stroke
- continuous modulating or high/low modulating control
- · reversible direction of rotation
- certain applications may require control motors with a limit switch or switches if:
- the burner capacity is to be limited to fit an application
- the chamber is to be fired with positive or negative pressure
- the chamber pressure is outside the range -1" w.c. to +1" w.c. (-2,5 to 2,5 mbar)
- there is a need to indicate a high and/or low fire air butterfly valve position

#### **Air Pressure Switch**

The air pressure switch provides a signal to the monitoring system when there is not enough air pressure from the blower. If a switch is selected, it will be factory mounted.



Eclipse supports the NFPA regulation requiring, as a minimum standard for main gas shut-off systems, the use of an air pressure switch in conjunction with other system components.

#### **Loading Line Type**

All ThermAir burners have the option of plastic, flexible braided stainless steel or rigid stainless tube loading line. Selection depends on application and environment.

#### **Pipe Connection**

Select the gas pipe connection (pipe thread type).

The piping, burner gas inlet, and ratio regulator are threaded using the customer selected pipe thread option.

#### Flame Supervision

Determine if a flame rod or an ultraviolet (UV) scanner will be required. Flame rods are available on models TA0015-TA0100 burners with alloy or SiC tubes. All other options and models require UV scanners. If a UV scanner is required, it must be ordered separately.

**NOTE:** Some flame monitoring devices do not work with alternative fuels. Consult Eclipse for assistance when selecting flame monitoring equipment for alternative fuels.

See Step 5 for additional information on flame supervision selection.



■ A UV scanner could possibly detect another burner's flame if it is in the line of sight, and falsely indicate flame presence.

#### **Step 2: Blower Option Selection**

Standard blower options are listed in datasheet series 114, additional blower options are available through Eclipse. Price and lead time may vary.

#### **Power Supply Frequency**

Select the 50Hz or 60Hz option. The 50Hz blower motors have IEC frames and are CE marked. The 60Hz motors have NEMA frames.

#### **Pressure & Flow**

Eclipse offers SMJ blowers for remote blower applications. The ThermAir burner can be ordered with a combustion air blower supplied and mounted directly to the burner body or with a threaded, flanged, or welded inlet to accomodate a remote blower. Remote blower must provide adequate pressure and flow per the appropriate datasheet series 114.

#### **Blower Motor Type**

Motor types include various options: voltages, single or three phase, TEFC or automotive duty enclosures.

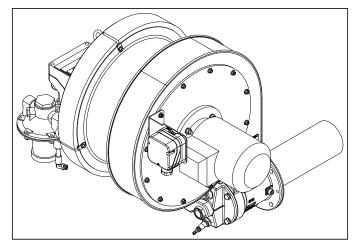
#### **Blower Inlet**

When selecting an inlet, consider the following:

- · amount and size of particles in the air
- · sound requirements
- · space limitations
- · cleanliness requirements of the process

#### **Blower Configuration**

Right-hand blower motor configuration is standard. If left-hand blower configuration is required, contact Eclipse.



**Figure 3.3 Right Hand Blower Motor Orientation** 

#### Step 3: Control Methodology

#### Gas Turndown

The entire ThermAir burner family is capable of gas turndown of greater than 30:1 based upon starting at high fire. A typical single burner installation would be controlled by a modulating gas valve. Leakage flow through this valve in the closed position could exceed the desired low fire input. If this is the case, consider an alternate control method to obtain your desired low fire.

#### **Control Methods**

There are numerous gas control options possible to provide a reliable gas control/ignition system. The method of control you select and the type of "Gas Control Options" you select will have a large impact on burner performance and ignition reliability. These options and their variations are outlined in the following schematics.

#### With Ratio-Regulator

A ThermAir burner equipped with a packaged blower and a ratio-regulator is ignited via direct spark at low fire.

• Air

Air flow to the burner is fixed.

• Gas

High fire gas flow is limited by a metering gas orifice, sized for a given loading line pressure to the ratio-regulator, installed in the burner at the gas inlet. Gas flow to the burner is controlled by the modulating gas valve in the gas line. Although the Ratio-Regulator does not control gas flow, it will provide for ease of burner set-up and additional safety if there is reduced combustion air pressure and/or flow.

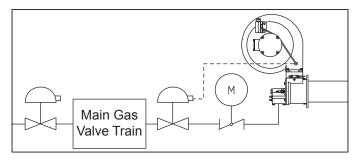


Figure 3.4 Packaged Blower with Ratio-Regulator

#### Without Ratio-Regulator

Refer to "Packaged Blower Burner Adjustment" in ThermAir Installation Guide for start and stop adjustment instructions.

Air

Air flow to the burner is fixed.

Gas

High fire gas flow of a ThermAir burner not equipped with a ratio-regulator is controlled by the outlet pressure of the main gas pressure regulator. The main gas pressure regulator must be adjusted to change high fire gas flow.

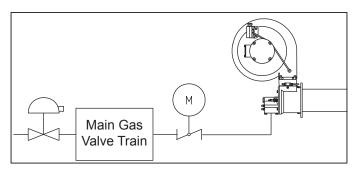


Figure 3.5 Packaged Blower without Ratio-Regulator

#### The Use of Blocking Valves

**NOTE:** The position of the gas blocking valve(s) relative to the ratio-regulator will have an impact on burner performance.

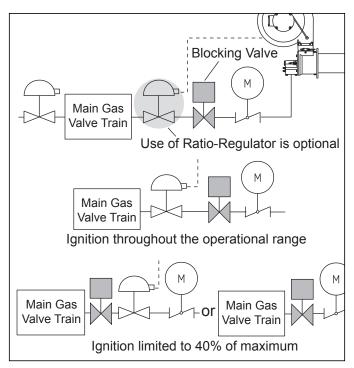


Figure 3.6 Use of Blocking Valves

#### **Step 4: Trial for Ignition**

It is recommended that low fire start be used. Local safety and insurance codes require limits on the maximum trial for ignition period. These limits vary from one location to the next. Ensure that you are in compliance with the strictest requirement applicable to your installation.

The time it takes for a burner to ignite depends upon:

- the distance from the gas shut-off valve to the burner
- the gas flow conditions at start-up

It is possible to have low fire too low to ignite the burner within the maximum trial for ignition period. Under these circumstances you must consider one of the following options:

- start at higher input level
- · resize and/or relocate the gas controls
- · use bypass start gas

#### **Bypass Start Gas (Optional)**

A bypass start gas circuit provides gas flow around gas control valves during the trial for ignition period. Bypass start gas may be required if the automatic gas control valves are not located close to the burner.

The solenoid valve in the bypass line plus the automatic gas shut-off valves are opened during the trial for ignition period. If a flame is established, the bypass solenoid closes at the end of the trial for ignition period while the automatic gas control valves remain open. If a flame is not established, then both the bypass solenoid and the automatic shut-off valves close.

#### **Bypass Start Gas Circuit Schematics**

Key points to consider when providing bypass start gas for ignition.

- Locate the bypass solenoid valve as close to the burner as possible.
- Provide some means for flow adjustment.
- To provide the bypass start gas circuit with a constant gas pressure:
- Connect to the main gas line downstream of the main gas pressure regulator. (See Figure 3.7)
- Provide a bypass gas pressure regulator. (See Figure 3.8)
- The downstream gas connection can be either through the peepsight location in the rear cover or into the main gas line to the burner.

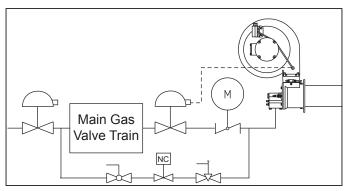


Figure 3.7 Bypass Gas Pressure Regulator via Main Gas Pressure Regulator

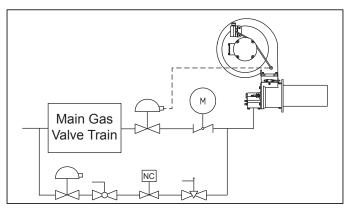


Figure 3.8 Bypass Gas Pressure Regulator via Independent Pressure Regulator

#### **Ignition Transformer**

For the ignition system, use a transformer with:

- secondary voltage 6000 to 8000 VAC
- minimum secondary current 0.02 amps
- · full wave output

#### **DO NOT USE** the following:

- twin outlet
- · distributor type
- electronic type

#### **Step 5: Flame Monitoring Control System**

The flame monitoring control system consists of two main components:

- Flame Sensor
- · Flame Monitoring Control

#### Flame Sensor

Two types can be used on a ThermAir Burner:

- Flamerod
- UV scanner.

Flamerods are available on model TA0015-TA0100 burners with alloy or SiC tubes. Further information about flamerods can be found in:

Info Guide 832

A UV scanner can be used on all ThermAir burner sizes. The UV scanner must be compatible to the flame monitoring control that is used. Refer to the manual of your selected control for proper selection of the scanner.

#### **Flame Monitoring Control**

The flame monitoring control is the equipment that processes the signal from the flame sensor and controls the start-up and shut-down sequences.

For flame monitoring control you may select several options:

- flame monitoring control for each burner: if one burner goes down, only that burner will be shut off
- multiple burner flame monitoring control: if one burner goes down, all burners will be shut off

#### NOTICE

If other controls are considered, contact Eclipse to determine how burner performance may be affected. Flame monitoring controls that have lower sensitivity flame detecting circuits may limit burner turndown and change the requirements for ignition. Flame monitoring controls that stop the spark as soon as a signal is detected may prevent establishment of flame, particularly when using UV scanners. The flame monitoring control must maintain the spark for a fixed time interval that is long enough for ignition.

#### DO NOT USE the following:

- Flame monitoring relays which interrupt the trial for ignition when the flame is detected.
- Flame sensors which supply a weak signal.
- · Flame monitoring relays with low sensitivity.

## Step 6: Main Gas Shut-Off Valve Train Component Selection

Eclipse can help in the design of a main gas shutoff valve train that satisfies the customer and complies with all local safety standards and codes set by the authorities within that jurisdiction. Contact Eclipse for further information.

**NOTE:** Eclipse supports NFPA regulations (two gas shutoff valves as a minimum standard for main gas shutoff systems).

#### Valve Train Size

Fuel pressure supplied to the ratio regulator inlet (when used) must be at least 15" w.c. (37.5mbar). It should not exceed the maximum pressure rating of the ratio-regulator. The valve train should be sized sufficiently to provide the specified pressure.



■ Do not operate ThermAir burners with gas inlet pressure less than the loading line pressure. Lower gas inlet pressures may cause the ratio regulator to remain fully open with reduced air flow. This could result in the possible accumulation of unburned fuel in the burner which, in extreme situations, could cause a fire or an explosion.

## <u>Step 7: Process Temperature Control System</u>

#### **Consult Eclipse**

The process temperature control system is used to control and monitor the temperature of the system. There is a wide variety of control and measuring equipment available.

For details, please contact Eclipse.